

Version 7.1 **English**

Leica TPS1200+

User Manual



Introduction

Purchase

Congratulations on the purchase of a TPS1200+ series instrument.





Product identification

This manual contains important safety directions as well as instructions for setting up the product and operating it. Refer to "6 Safety Directions" for further information. Read carefully through the User Manual before you switch on the product.

The type and the serial number of your product are indicated on the type plate. Enter the type and serial number in your manual and always refer to this information when you need to contact your agency or Leica Geosystems authorized service workshop.

Type: _____

Serial No:

Symbols

The symbols used in this manual have the following meanings:

Туре	Description
<u> </u>	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
<u></u> Warning	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
<u>A</u> Caution	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury and/or appreciable material, financial and environmental damage.
	Important paragraphs which must be adhered to in practice as they enable the product to be used in a technically correct and efficient manner.

Trademarks

- CompactFlash and CF are trademarks of SanDisk Corporation
- Bluetooth is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Validity of this manual

	Description
General	This manual applies to all TPS1200+ Series instruments. Where there are differences between the various models they are clearly described.
Telescope	Measuring with IR mode: When measuring distances to a reflector with EDM mode "IR", the telescope uses a wide visible red laser beam, which emerges coaxially from the telescope's objective.
	Measuring with RL mode and LO mode: (for instruments that are equipped with a reflectorless EDM) When measuring distances with EDM modes "RL" and "LO", the telescope uses a narrow visible red laser beam, which emerges coaxially from the telescope's objective.

Available documentation

Name	Description and Format		Adobo
User Manual	All instructions required in order to operate the product to a basic level are contained in the User Manual. Provides an overview of the product together with technical data and safety directions.	✓	√

Name	Description and Format		Keebo
System Field Manual	Describes the general working of the product in standard use. Intended as a quick reference field guide.		✓
Applications Field Manual	Describes specific onboard application programs in standard use. Intended as a quick reference field guide.	✓	√
Technical Reference Manual	Overall comprehensive guide to the product and program functions. Included are detailed descriptions of special software/hardware settings and software/hardware functions intended for technical specialists.		√

Refer to the following resources for all TPS1200+ documentation and software

- · the Leica SmartWorx DVD
- http://www.leica-geosystems.com/downloads

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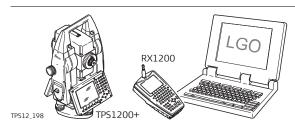
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1 Description of the System

1.1 System Components

Main components



Component	Description
TPS1200+	 an instrument for measuring, calculating and capturing data. comprised of various models with a range of accuracy classes. integrated with an add-on GNSS system to form SmartStation. combined with RX1200 to conduct remote control surveys. connected with LGO to view, exchange and manage data.
RX1200	A multi-purpose controller enabling the remote control of TPS1200+

Component Description	
	An office software consisting of a suite of standard and extended programs for the viewing, exchange and management of data.

Terminology

The following terms and abbreviations may be found in this manual:

Term	Description
TPS	Total Station Positioning System
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System (generic term for satellite based navigation systems like GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, Compass, SBAS)
RCS	Remote Control Surveying
LGO	LEICA Geo Office
EDM	Electronic Distance Measurement
	EDM refers to the laser distancer incorporated into the instrument which enables distance measurement.

Term	Description
	Three measuring modes are available: IR mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances to prisms. RL mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances without prisms. LO mode. This mode refers to the visible red laser and the ability to measure extended distances to prisms.
PinPoint	PinPoint refers to the Reflectorless EDM technology which enables an increased measuring range with a smaller laser spot size. Two options are available: R400 and R1000.
EGL	Electronic Guide Light
	An EGL fitted to an instrument assists with prism targeting. It consists of two differently coloured flashing lights located in the instrument telescope housing. The person holding the prism can align him/herself into the instrument's line of sight.
Motorised	Instruments fitted with internal motors, enabling automatic horizontal and vertical turning are referred to as M otorised.
ATR	Automatic Target Recognition

Term	Description
	ATR refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic fine pointing to a prism.
Automated	Instruments fitted with ATR are referred to as Automated.
	 Three automation modes are available with ATR: None: no ATR - no automation and no tracking. ATR: automatic fine pointing to a prism. LOCK: automatic tracking of an already targeted prism.
PowerSearch	PowerSearch refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic rapid finding of a prism.
SmartStation	A TPS1200+ instrument integrated with an add-on GNSS system, comprising hardware and software components, forms SmartStation.
	Components of SmartStation include SmartAntenna, SmartAntenna Adapter with attached clip-on-housing and antenna for a communication device and Communication side cover.
	SmartStation provides an additional instrument set-up method for determining instrument station coordinates.

Term	Description
	The GNSS principles and functionality of SmartStation derive from the principles and functionality of GPS1200+ instruments.
SmartAntenna	SmartAntenna with integrated Bluetooth is a component of SmartStation. It can also be used independently on a pole, with a GNSS receiver and remote controller. Models available: ATX1230+ GNSS and GS09. Where there are differences between the various models they are clearly described.
RadioHandle	A component of RCS is RadioHandle. It is both an integrated radio modem with attached antenna and instrument carry handle. Models available: RH15 and RH1200. Where there are differences between the various models they are clearly described.
Communication side cover	Communication side cover with integrated Bluetooth is a component of SmartStation. In combination with RadioHandle it is also a component of RCS.

Instrument models

Model	Description
TC1200+	Basis electronic tachymeter.

Model	Description
TCR1200+	Additional components: Reflectorless EDM.
TCRM1200+	Additional components: Reflectorless EDM, Motorised.
TCA1200+	Additional components: Automated, Motorised.
TCP1200+	Additional components: Automated, Motorised, PowerSearch.
TCRA1200+	Additional components: Reflectorless EDM, Automated, Motorised.
TCRP1200+	Additional components: Reflectorless EDM, Automated, Motorised, PowerSearch.

LEICA Geo Office

- LGO supports GPS1200+ and TPS1200+ instruments. It also supports all other Leica TPS instruments.
- LGO is based on a graphical user interface with standard Windows[®] operating procedures.
- LGO provides the following functionality:

Functionality	Description
Standard Functionality	Includes data exchange between computer and instrument, data management including viewing and editing, reporting, creation and management of codelists, creation and use of format files for data conversion, uploading and deleting of system software and application programs.
Extended Functionality	Includes Coordinate transformations, GPS and GLONASS post processing, Level data processing, Network adjustment, GIS and CAD Export.

- Supported operating systems: Windows® XP, Windows® 2000.
- Refer to the online help of LGO for additional information.

1.2 System Concept

1.2.1 Software Concept

Description

TPS1200+ instruments use the same software concept.

Software type

Software type	Description
System software	This software comprises the central functions of the instrument. It is also referred to as firmware.
	The programs Survey and Setup are integrated into the firmware and cannot be deleted.
	The English language is integrated into the firmware and cannot be deleted.
Language software	Numerous languages are available for the TPS1200+ instruments. This software is also referred to as system language.
	The system software enables a maximum of three languages which can be stored at any one time - the English language and two other languages. The English language is the default language and cannot be deleted. One language is chosen as the active language.

Software type	Description
Application programs	A suite of optional survey-specific application programs are available for the instrument.
	Some of the programs are activated freely and require no license key and others require purchasing and are only activated with a license key.
Customised application programs	Customised software specific to user requirements can be developed using the GeoC++ development kit. Information on the GeoC++ development environment is available on request from a Leica Geosystems representative.

Software upload

All instrument software is stored in the System RAM of the instrument. The software can be uploaded onto the instrument using the following methods:

- Using LGO the software is transferred via the serial interface to the Compact-Flash card in the instrument, which is then stored to the System RAM.
- By connecting the CompactFlash card directly to the computer either via an internal card slot housing or an external OMNI drive, the software is transferred to the card, which is then stored to the System RAM.

1.2.2 **Data Storage and Data Conversion Concept**

Description

Data is stored within a job in a database on a memory device. This is either a CompactFlash card or an internal memory if fitted.

Memory device

CompactFlash card: A CompactFlash card housing is standard. A Compact-

> Flash card can be inserted and removed. Available capacity: 256 MB.

B

Whilst other CompactFlash cards may be used.

Leica recommends Leica CompactFlash cards and cannot be held responsible for data loss or any other error that may occur when using a non-Leica card

Internal memory:

An internal memory is optional. It resides inside the instru-

ment. Available capacity: 256 MB.



Unplugging connecting cables or removing the CompactFlash card during the measurement may cause loss of data. Always return to TPS1200+ Main Menu before removing the CompactFlash card and switch off the instrument before removing cables

Data conversion

Export

Data can be exported from a job in a wide range of ASCII formats. The export format is defined in Format Manager which is a PC tool in LEICA Geo Office. Refer to the online help of LGO for information on creating format files.

Data can also be exported from a job in DXF or LandXML format.

Import

Data can be imported from ASCII, DXF, GSI8 or GSI16 format.

Transfer raw data to LGO

Raw data can be transferred between the database on the CompactFlash card or the internal memory of the instrument and LGO in two ways:

- From the CompactFlash card or the internal memory directly via a serial interface to a project in LGO on a PC.
- From the CompactFlash card using for example an OMNI drive as supplied by Leica Geosystems to a project in LGO on a PC.



CompactFlash cards can be used directly in an OMNI drive as supported by Leica Geosystems. Other PC card drives may require an adapter.

1.2.3 Power Concept

General

Use the Leica Geosystems batteries, chargers and accessories or accessories recommended by Leica Geosystems to ensure the correct functionality of the instrument.

Power options

Instrument

Power for the instrument can be supplied either internally or externally. An external battery is connected to the instrument using a LEMO cable.

Internal battery: One GEB221 battery fitted into the battery compartment.

External battery: One GEB171 battery connected via cable, or

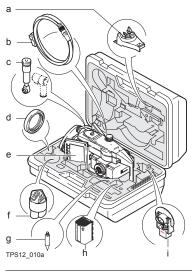
SmartAntenna

Power for the antenna is supplied internally.

Internal battery: One GEB211/GEB212 battery fitted into the antenna.

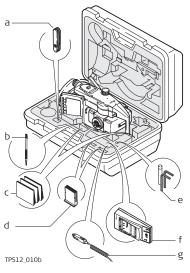
1.3 Container Contents

Container for instrument and delivered accessories part 1 of 2



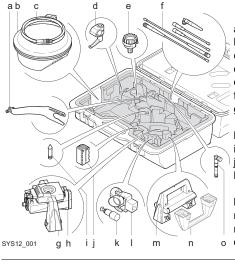
- a) GHT196 Tribrach bracket for height meter
- b) Data transfer cable
- c) GFZ3 or GOK6 diagonal eyepiece
- d) Counterweight for diagonal eyepiece
- e) Instrument with tribrach and standard handle or RadioHandle
- f) Protective cover for instrument and sunshade for objective lens
- g) Tip for mini prism
 -) GEB221 Battery
- i) GMP101 Mini prism

Container for instrument and delivered accessories part 2 of 2



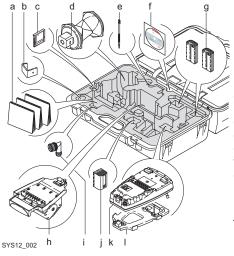
- a) Pocket knife
- b) Spare stylus
- c) User manuals
- d) 2 x CompactFlash cards and covers
 - e) Allen key
 -) GKL221 Battery charger
 - Car adapter power plug for battery charger (stored under battery charger)

Container for System 1200 components part 1 of 2



-) GAD33 Arm 15cm
- b) SmartAntenna
- c) Cables
- d) GHT52 Clamp
 -) GAD31 Adapter
-) Radio antennas
- g) GAD104 SmartAntenna Adapter
 -) GFU Radio modem
- i) Mini Prism spike
-) GEB221 Battery
- k) GRZ101 Mini prism and GAD103 Adapter
- I) GMP101 Mini prism
- m) RadioHandle
- n) Instrument carry handle
- o) GAT15 Antenna

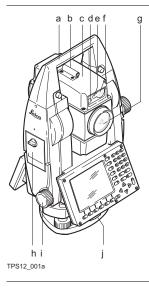
Container for System 1200 components part 2 of 2



- a) Manuals
 -) GHT57 Bracket
- c) CompactFlash card and cover
- d) GRZ4 / GRZ122 Prism
- e) Spare stylus
- f) Software DVD
- g) GEB211/GEB212 Battery
- h) GHT56 Holder
- i) TNC L-adapter
-) GEB221 Batteries
- () RX1250 Controller
- GHT39 Holding plate

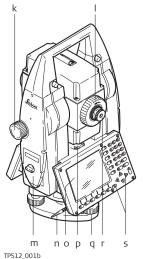
1.4 Instrument Components

Instrument components part 1 of 2



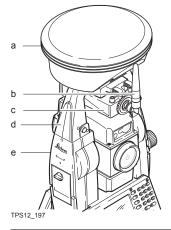
- a) Carry handle
- o) Optical sight
- c) Telescope, integrating EDM, ATR, EGL, PS
- d) EGL flashing diode yellow and red
- e) PowerSearch, transmitter
- f) PowerSearch, receiver
- Coaxial optics for angle and distance measurement, and exit port of visible laser beam for distance measurements
- h) CompactFlash card compartment
- i) Horizontal drive
-) Tribrach securing screw

Instrument components part 2 of 2



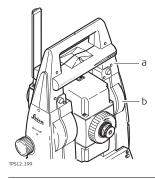
- Vertical drive
- Focusing ring
- Battery compartment
- Stylus for touch screen
- Screen 0)
- Circular level
- Tribrach footscrew
- Interchangeable eyepiece
- Keyboard

Instrument components for SmartStation



- a) SmartAntenna
- b) Antenna for communication device
- c) Clip-on-housing for communication device
- d) SmartAntenna Adapter
- e) Communication side cover

Instrument components for RCS

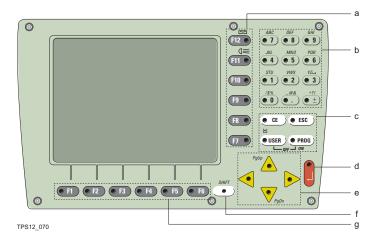


- a) RadioHandle
- b) Communication side cover

2 User Interface

2.1 Keyboard

Keyboard



- a) Hot keys F7-F12
- b) Alphanumeric keys
- c) CE, ESC, USER, PROG
- d) ENTER

- e) Arrow keys
- f) SHIFT
- g) Function keys F1-F6

Keys

Key	Description
Hot keys F7-F12	User definable keys to execute commands or access chosen screens.
Alphanumeric keys	To type letters and numbers.
CE	Clears all entry at the beginning of user input.Clears the last character during user input.
ESC	Leaves the current menu or dialog without storing changes made.
USER	Calls the user defined menu.
PROG (ON)	If the instrument is off: to turn instrument on. If the sensor is on: press at any time to select an application program.

Key	Description
ENTER	Selects the highlighted line and leads to the next logical dialog/menu.
	Starts the edit mode for edit fields.
	Opens a list box.
SHIFT	Changes between the first and the second level of function keys.
Arrow keys	Move the focus on the screen.
Function keys F1-F6	Correspond to the six softkeys that appear on the bottom of the screen when the screen is activated.

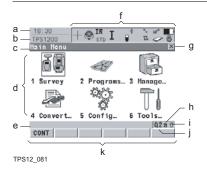
Key combinations

Keys	Description
PROG plus USER	Turns instrument off.
SHIFT F12	Calls STATUS Level & Laser Plummet.
SHIFT F11	Calls CONFIGURE Lights, Display, Beeps, Text, Lights page.
SHIFT USER	Calls QUICK SET Change Settings to:.

Keys	Description
SHIFT A	Pages up.
SHIFT ♥	Pages down.

2.2 Screen

Screen



- a) Time
- b) Caption
- c) Title
- d) Screen area
- e) Message line
- f) Icons
- g) ESC ⊠
- h) CAPS
- i) SHIFT icon
-) Quick coding icon
- k) Softkeys

Elements of the screen

Element	Description
Time	The current local time is shown.
Caption	Shows location either in Main Menu , under PROG key or USER key.
Title	Name of the screen is shown.
Screen area	The working area of the screen.

Element	Description
Message line	Messages are shown for 10 s.
Icons	Shows current status information of the instrument. Refer to "2.4 Icons". Can be used with touch screen.
ESC ⊠	Can be used with touch screen. Same functionality as the fixed key ESC . The last operation will be undone.
CAPS	The caps mode for upper case letters is active. The caps mode is activated and deactivated by pressing UPPER (F5) or LOWER (F5) in some screens.
SHIFT icon	Shows the status of the SHIFT key; either first or second level of softkeys is selected. Can be used with touch screen and has the same functionality as the fixed key SHIFT .
Quick coding icon	Shows the quick coding configuration. Can be used with touch screen to turn quick coding on and off.
Softkeys	Commands can be executed using F1-F6 keys. The commands assigned to the softkeys are screen dependent. Can be used directly with touch screen.
Scroll bar	Scrolls the screen area up and down.

2.3 Operating Principles

Keyboard and touch screen

The user interface is operated either by the keyboard or by the touch screen with supplied stylus. The workflow is the same for keyboard and touch screen entry, the only difference lies in the way information is selected and entered.

Turn instrument on

Press and hold **PROG** for 2 s.

Turn instrument off step-by-step

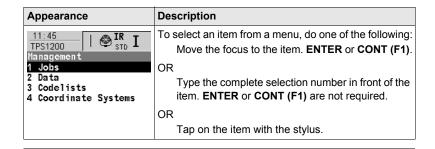
Step	Description
(F)	The instrument can only be turned off in TPS1200+ Main Menu.
1.	Press and hold both USER and PROG simultaneously. OR Press ESC for more than 2 s.
2.	Press YES (F6) to continue or NO (F4) to cancel.

Lock/Unlock keyboard

Option	Description
	To lock the keyboard press and hold SHIFT for 3 s. The message 'Keyboard locked' is momentarily displayed on the Message Line.

Option	Description
	To unlock the keyboard press and hold SHIFT for 3 s. The message 'Keyboard unlocked' is momentarily displayed on the Message Line.

Selecting from a menu



Selecting a page

Appearance	Description
17:27 STD IR I	To select a page in a screen, do one of the following: PAGE (F6) .
Units Angle Time Format Distance Unit: Distance Dec : 3 Angle Unit :	OR Tap on the page tab with the stylus.

Edit an entire value in input fields

Appearance	Description
Survey Map 001	1. Highlight the field.
	Type numeric and/or alphanumeric characters to overwrite.
	3. ENTER or tap outside of the field.

Edit an individual character in input fields

Appearance	Description
Survey Map Point ID : 001	A character can be inserted or overwritten. The procedure is the same for both cases.
	1. Highlight the field.

Appearance	Description
	For the keyboard: ENTER. The edit mode is acti- vated where additional functions like insert and overwrite are available.
	For the touch screen: Highlight the characters to be changed.
	4. Type numeric and/or alphanumeric characters.
	5. ENTER or tap outside of the field.

Access special alphanumeric characters for input

Step	Description
1.	Highlight the input field.
2.	For the keyboard: ENTER.
3.	Toggle to the desired special character set by using the up/down arrow keys.
4.	Press the function key assigned to the required character group.
5.	Press the function key with the required character.

Step	Description
6.	Repeat step 4. and 5. for entering more special characters of the same character set.
7.	ENTER.

Appearance and selection from a choicelist

Choicelists have various appearances.

Closed choicelist

Appearance	Description	Selection
	Triangles on the right indicate further available choices.	Use the arrow keys ◀ ▶ to change through the list or tap the triangles on the screen.

ENTER or tap on the field to access the choicelist. Opening a choicelist reveals either a simple listbox or a comprehensive listbox dialog.

Simple listbox

Appearance	Description	Selection	
Date Format : Day.Honth.Year № Date : 18.11.05	Choicelist shows items to select.	Highlight the item and ENTER.	
	 A search field is shown if necessary. A scroll bar is shown if necessary. 	To exit without changes ESC, tap ⋈ or outside the simple listbox.	

Listbox dialog

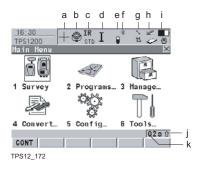
Appearance	Description	Selection
17:17 MANAGE HOSTO STD IT STD STD STD STD STD STD	Choicelist fills the whole screen.	 Highlight the item and CONT (F1).
Default 17.07.06 active job 25.10.06 fixpoint job 25.10.06	 A search field is shown. 	 To exit without changes press ESC or
02a 0	 A scroll bar is shown if necessary. 	tap ⊠.
CONT NEW EDIT DEL DATA INTL	 The functionality comprise adding, editing and deleting of items. 	
	 Listbox dialogs are explained in detail at appropriate places in the manuals. 	

2.4 Icons

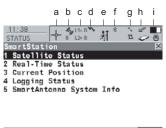
Description

The screen icons display the current status information of the instrument.

Position of the icons on the screen



- a) ATR/LOCK/PS
-) Reflector
- c) EDM
- d) Compensator/face I&II
- e) RCS
- f) Bluetooth
- g) Line/area
- h) CompactFlash card/internal memory
-) Battery
-) SHIFT
- k) Quick coding





a) GNSS position status

- b) Number of visible satellites
- c) Contributing satellites
- Real-time device and real-time status, Internet online status
- e) Position mode
- f) Bluetooth
- a) Line/area
- n) CompactFlash card/internal memory
- i) Battery
- j) SHIFT
- k) Quick coding

TPS specific icons

Icon	Description
ATR/LOCK/PS	The currently active ATR/LOCK/PS settings or searches are displayed.
Reflector	The currently active reflector is displayed.
EDM	The currently active EDM measurement settings are displayed.

Icon	Description
Compensator/face I&II	Compensator off, out of range or face I&II icon is displayed.
RCS	RCS settings are displayed.

GPS specific icons

Icon	Description
GNSS Position status	Displays the status of the current position. As soon as this icon becomes visible the receiver is in a stage where practical operation can commence.
Number of visible satellites	Displays the number of theoretically visible satellites above the configured cut off angle according to the current almanac.
Contributing satellites	Displays the number of satellites that are contributing to the currently computed position solution.

Icon	Description	
	(hij	The number of contributing satellites can differ from the number of visible satellites. This may be either because satellites cannot be viewed or the observations to these satellites are considered to be too noisy to be used in the position solution.
Real-time device and real-time status	Displays the real-time device configured to be used and its status.	
Internet online status	Receiver is online in the Internet.	
Position mode	Displays the current position mode.	

Common icons

Icon	Description
Bluetooth	The status of each Bluetooth port and any Bluetooth connection is displayed.
Line/area	The number of lines and areas currently open in the active job is displayed.

Icon	Description	
CompactFlash card/ internal memory	The status of the CompactFlash card and internal memory if fitted are displayed. For the CompactFlash card, the capacity of used space is shown in seven levels.	
	For the internal memory if fitted, the capacity of used memory is shown in nine levels.	
Battery	The status and source of the battery is displayed. The percentage of remaining power capacity for all batteries are displayed numerically and graphically. For internal and external battery being attached at the same time the internal battery is used until it is empty and then the external battery is used.	
SHIFT	The status of the SHIFT key is displayed.	
Quick coding	Shows the quick coding configuration. Can be used with touch screen to turn quick coding on and off.	

3 Operation

3.1 Instrument Setup

Description

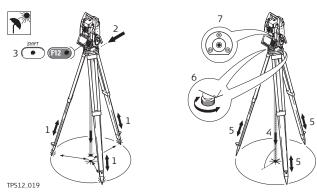
This topic describes an instrument setup over a marked ground point using the laser plummet. It is always possible to set up the instrument without the need for a marked ground point.



Important features:

- It is always recommended to shield the instrument from direct sunlight and avoid uneven temperatures around the instrument.
- The laser plummet described in this topic is built into the vertical axis of the instrument. It projects a red spot onto the ground, making it appreciably easier to centre the instrument.
- The laser plummet cannot be used in conjunction with a tribrach equipped with an optical plummet.
- Refer to "TPS1200+ Technical Reference Manual" for additional information on using the laser plummet.

Setup step-by-step



Step	Description
	Shield the instrument from direct sunlight and avoid uneven temperatures around the instrument.
1.	Extend the tripod legs to allow for a comfortable working posture. Position the tripod over the marked ground point, centring it as well as possible.
2.	Fasten the tribrach and instrument onto the tripod.

Step	Description
3.	Turn on the instrument by pressing PROG for 2 s. Press SHIFT (F12) to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet , activating the laser plummet.
4.	Move the tripod legs (1) and use the tribrach footscrews (6) to centre the plummet (4) over the ground point.
5.	Adjust the tripod legs to level the circular level (7).
6.	By using the electronic level turn the tribrach footscrews (6) to precisely level the instrument.
7.	Centre the instrument precisely over the ground point (4) by shifting the tribrach on the tripod plate (2).
8.	Repeat steps 6. and 7. until the required accuracy is achieved.

3.2 Autodetect Behaviour

Description

- The instrument incorporates an autodetect behaviour and automatically detects the following devices:
 - SmartAntenna
 - RadioHandle
 - · radios/modems in clip-on-housings
- Whenever a device is attached, the instrument responds with two short beeps.
- Whenever a device is removed, the instrument responds with one long beep.

SmartAntenna Adapter

 SmartAntenna Adapter cannot be detected by the instrument but the devices that are attached to SmartAntenna Adapter are automatically detected. These devices are SmartAntenna and radios/modems in clip-on-housings.

Radio/Modem in clip-on housing

 All radios and modems that are built into a clip-on housing are automatically detected by the instrument when attached to SmartAntenna Adapter, but the device settings are not automatically set.

SmartAntenna

- SmartAntenna is automatically detected by the instrument when it is attached and STATUS Interfaces is automatically updated.
- Certain functionality can only be executed if SmartAntenna is attached.
- In addition to the autodetect behaviour, SmartAntenna can also be manually turned on/off using the ON/OFF button located on the underside. This action overrides all automatic settings but is only possible when SmartAntenna is fitted with an internal battery.
- If turned off, SmartAntenna is automatically turned on:
 - by the Setup application, when <Station Coord: From GPS>
 - by the GPS Survey application, in the GPS SURVEY screen.
 - in the STATUS SmartStation menu

RadioHandle

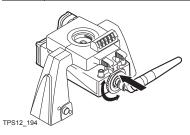
- RadioHandle is automatically detected by the instrument when it is attached.
- When RadioHandle is attached and RCS Mode is activated via the quick settings in SHIFT USER, the appropriate port and device settings are set.

3.3 Instrument Setup as SmartStation

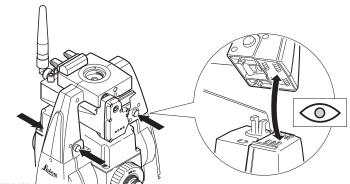
3.3.1 SmartStation Setup

Setup step-by-step

Step	Description
	Refer to "3.5 Battery" to change the internal battery of the SmartAntenna.
	Refer to "3.1 Instrument Setup" for the initial instrument setup onto a tripod. Remove the instrument carry handle by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.

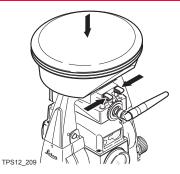


Step	Description
1.	A circular screw is located at one end of the clip-on-housing. Ensure that the circular screw is in the unlocked position. Turn it anticlockwise, as shown by the lock and arrow symbols on the screw.
2.	Slide the clip-on-housing into position underneath the SmartAntenna Adapter, such that the guide rails on the clip-on-housing and the guide rails on the SmartAntenna Adapter are aligned.
	Ensure that the connector located at the end of the clip-on-housing fits into its port of the SmartAntenna Adapter.
3.	Lock the circular screw by turning it clockwise, as shown by the lock and arrow symbols on the screw. The clip-on-housing is now locked into position.
4.	Thread the antenna onto the clip-on-housing.



TPS12_195

Step	Description
5.	Place the SmartAntenna Adapter with attached clip-on-housing onto the instrument by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.
	Ensure that the interface connection on the underside of the Smart-Antenna Adapter is on the same side as the Communication side cover.



Step Description

6. Place the SmartAntenna onto the SmartAntenna Adapter by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the two press clips.

Ensure that the clip-on-contacts on the underside of the SmartAntenna are aligned to the clip-on-contacts of the SmartAntenna Adapter.

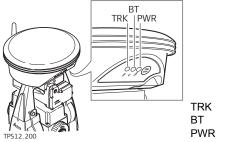
3.3.2 LED Indicators on SmartAntenna

LED Indicators

Description

SmartAntenna has Light ${\bf E}$ mitting ${\bf D}$ iode indicators. They indicate the basic antenna status.

Diagram of LED Indicators



TRK Tracking LED
BT Bluetooth LED
PWR Power LED

Description of LED Indicators

IF the	is	THEN
TRK off no satellites ar		no satellites are tracked.
	flashing green	less than four satellites are tracked, a position is not yet available.
	green	enough satellites are tracked to compute a position.
	red	SmartAntenna is initialising.
BT green Bluetooth is in data mode and ready		Bluetooth is in data mode and ready for connecting.
	purple	Bluetooth is connecting.
	blue	Bluetooth has connected.
	flashing blue	data is being transferred.
PWR	off	power is off.
	green	power is okay.
	flashing green	power is low. The remaining time for which enough power is available depends on the type of survey, the temperature and the age of the battery.

3.3.3 Working with the Clip-On-Housings for Devices

Devices fitting into a clip-on-housing

Digital cellular phones fitting into a clip-on-housing

Digital cellular phone	Clip-on-housing
Siemens MC75	GFU24
CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C (US)	GFU19
CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C (CAN)	GFU25

Radios fitting into a clip-on-housing

Radio	Clip-on-housing
Pacific Crest PDL, receive	GFU15
Satelline 3AS, transceive	GFU14

Attach/detach a clip-on-housing step-by-step

Attach a clip-on-housing

Refer to "3.3.1 SmartStation Setup" for detailed information.

Detach a clip-on-housing

Step	Description
1.	A circular screw is located at one end of the clip-on-housing. To unlock and release the clip-on-housing from the SmartAntenna Adapter turn the screw anticlockwise, as shown by the lock and arrow symbols on the screw.
2.	Slide the clip-on-housing away from the SmartAntenna Adapter until the connector is completely unplugged from its port.

Insert a SIM card step-by-step

For those digital cellular phones that require SIM cards.

Step	Description	
1.	Take the SIM card, a coin and a pen.	
2.	Locate the SIM card screw, that covers the SIM card slot, at the end of the clip-on-housing.	
3.	Insert the coin into the groove of the SIM card screw.	
4.	Turn the coin anticlockwise to loosen the SIM card screw.	

Step	Description	
5.	Remove the SIM card screw from the housing.	
6.	Using the pen, press the small button of the SIM card slot to eject the SIM card holder.	
7.	Take the SIM card holder out off the housing.	
8.	Put the SIM card into the SIM card holder, the chip facing up.	
9.	Insert the SIM card holder into the SIM card slot, the chip facing the connectors inside the slot.	
10.	Place the SIM card screw back onto the housing.	
11.	Insert the coin into the groove of the SIM card screw.	
12.	Turn the coin clockwise to tighten the SIM card screw.	

Remove a SIM card step-by-step

For those digital cellular phones that require SIM cards.

Step	Description	
1.	Take a coin and a pen.	
2.	Locate the SIM card screw, that covers the SIM card slot, at the end of the clip-on-housing.	

Step	Description	
3.	Insert the coin into the groove of the SIM card screw.	
4.	Turn the coin anticlockwise to loosen the SIM card screw.	
5.	Remove the SIM card screw from the housing.	
6.	Using the pen, press the small button of the SIM card slot to eject the SIM card holder.	
7.	Take the SIM card holder out off the SIM card slot.	
8.	Take the SIM card out of the SIM card holder.	
9.	Put the SIM card holder back into the SIM card slot, the even side not facing the contacts inside the slot.	
10.	Place the SIM card screw back onto the housing.	
11.	Turn the coin clockwise to tighten the SIM card screw.	

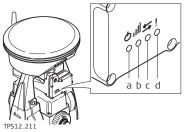
3.3.4 LED Indicators on Clip-On-Housings

LED Indicators

Description

Each clip-on-housing for a radio or a digital cellular phone has Light Emitting Diode indicators. They indicate the basic device status.

Diagram of the LED Indicators



-) Power LED
- b) Signal strength LED
- c) Data transfer LED
 - Warning LED, available for Satelline 3AS

Description of the LED Indicators

IF the	on	is	THEN
Warning LED	GFU14 with Satelline 3AS	red	the device is in the configuration mode controlled from the PC via cable.
Data	any device	off	data is not being transferred.
transfer LED		green or flashing green	data is being transferred.
Signal strength	GFU19 (US), GFU25 (CAN) with CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C	red	device is on, not registered on the network.
LED		flashing red	device is on, registered on the network.
		off	download mode or device is off.

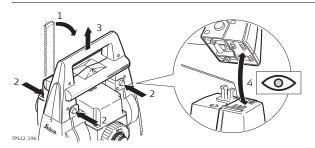
IF the	on	is	THEN
		red	call is in progress.
		red: long flash, long break	no SIM card inserted, no PIN entered or network search, user authentication or network login in progress.
		red: short flash, long break	logged onto network, no call in progress.
		red: flashing red, long break	GPRS PDP context activated.
		red: long flash, short break	Packet switched data transfer is in progress.
	off	device is off.	

IF the	on	is	THEN
	GFU15 with Pacific Crest PDL	red or flashing red	the communication link, Data Carrier Detection, is okay on the roving receiver.
		off	the DCD is not okay.
	GFU14 with Satelline 3AS	red or flashing red	the communication link, Data Carrier Detection, is okay on the roving receiver.
		off	the DCD is not okay.
Power	any device	off	power is off.
LED		green	power is okay.

3.4 Instrument Setup for Remote Control

3.4.1 Remote Control Setup

Setup step-by-step



Step	Description
	Refer to "3.1 Instrument Setup" for the initial instrument setup onto a tripod. Remove the instrument carry handle by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.
1.	Place the RadioHandle onto the instrument by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.

Step	Description
	Ensure that the interface connection on the underside of the RadioHandle is on the same side as the Communication side cover.
2.	Swing the RadioHandle antenna into an upright position.
	Refer to "RX1200 User Manual" for additional information.

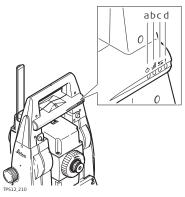
3.4.2 LED Indicators on RadioHandle

LED Indicators

Description

The RadioHandle has Light Emitting **D**iode indicators. They indicate the basic RadioHandle status.

Diagram of the LED Indicators



- a) Power LED
- b) Link LED
- c) Data Transfer LED
- d) Mode LED

Description of the LED Indicators

IF the	is	THEN
Power LED	off	power is off.
	green	power is on.
Link LED	off	no radio link to remote controller.
	red	radio link to remote controller.
Data Transfer LED	off	no data transfer to/from remote controller.
	green or green flashing	data transfer to/from remote controller.
Mode LED	off	data mode.
	red	configuration mode.

3.5 Battery

3.5.1 Operating Principles



Primary use/charging

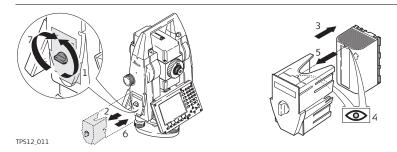
- The battery must be charged prior to using it for the first time because it is delivered with an energy content as low as possible.
- For new batteries or batteries that have been stored for a long time (> three months), it is effectual to make only one charge/discharge cycle.
- For Li-lon batteries, a single discharging and charging cycle is sufficient. We
 recommend carrying out the process when the battery capacity indicated on the
 charger or on a Leica Geosystems product deviates significantly form the actual
 battery capacity available.
- The permissible temperature range for charging is between 0°C to +40°C/+32°F to +104°F. For optimal charging we recommend charging the batteries at a low ambient temperature of +10°C to +20°C/+50°F to +68°F if possible.
- It is normal for the battery to become warm during charging. Using the chargers recommended by Leica Geosystems, it is not possible to charge the battery if the temperature is too high.

Operation/Discharging

- The batteries can be operated from -20°C to +55°C/-4°F to +131°F.
- Low operating temperatures reduce the capacity that can be drawn; very high
 operating temperatures reduce the service life of the battery.

3.5.2 Instrument Battery

Change battery step-by-step

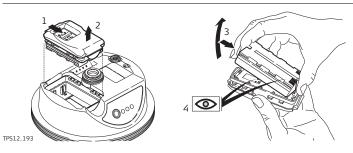


Step	Description
1.	Face the instrument so that the vertical drive screw is on the left. The battery compartment is now on the left side of the instrument. Turn the knob to the vertical position, opening the lid of the battery compartment.
2.	Pull out the battery housing.
3.	Pull the battery from the battery housing.
4.	A pictogram of the battery is displayed inside the battery housing. This is a visual aid to assist in placing the battery correctly.

Step	Description
5.	Place the battery into the battery housing, ensuring that the contacts are facing outward. Click the battery into position.
6.	Place the battery housing into the battery compartment. Push the battery housing in until it fits completely into the battery compartment.
7.	Turn the knob to lock the battery compartment. Ensure that the knob is returned to its original horizontal position.

3.5.3 SmartAntenna Battery

Change battery step-by-step



Step	Description
	Turn SmartAntenna over to gain access to the battery compartment.
1.	Open the battery compartment by pushing the slide fastener in the direction of the arrow with the open-lock symbol.
2.	Pull out the battery housing. The battery is attached to the housing.
3.	Hold the battery housing and pull the battery from the battery housing.

Step	Description
4.	A polarity of the battery is displayed inside the battery housing. This is a visual aid to assist in placing the battery correctly.
5.	Place the battery onto the battery housing, ensuring that the contacts are facing outward. Click the battery into position.
6.	Close the battery compartment by pushing the slide fastener in the direction of the arrow with the close-lock symbol.

3.6 Working with the CompactFlash Card



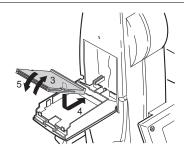
- · Keep the card dry.
- Use it only within the specified temperature range.
- · Do not bend the card.
- · Protect the card from direct impacts.



Failure to follow these instructions could result in data loss and/or permanent damage to the card.

Insert and remove a CompactFlash card step-by-step





Step	Description	
1.	Face the instrument so that the vertical drive screw is on the left. The CompactFlash card compartment is now on the right side of the instrument. Turn the knob to the vertical position, opening the lid of the CompactFlash card compartment.	
2.	Open the lid of the CompactFlash card compartment.	
3.	Pull the front of the CompactFlash card up and take the card out of the lid.	
4.	Place the lower end of the CompactFlash card at the lower end of the CompactFlash card compartment. The extended edge of the card has to be on the upper side as shown on the pictogram in the CompactFlash card compartment.	
5.	Press the card down on the lid.	
6.	Close the lid.	
7.	Turn the knob to lock the CompactFlash card compartment. The lid is closed correctly when the knob is turned to a horizontal position.	

Format a CompactFlash card step-by-step Formatting the CompactFlash card before starting to store data is required if a completely new CompactFlash card is used or if all existing data needs to be deleted.

Step	Description		
1.	Main Menu: Tools\Format Memory Device.		
2.	TOOLS Format Memory Device		
	<memory card="" cf="" device:=""></memory>		
	<format format="" method:="" quick=""></format>		
	Select the memory device to be formatted.		
	By activating the format command all data will be lost. Make sure that all important data on the CompactFlash card has been backed up before formatting the card. Before formatting the internal memory make sure that all important data is first transferred to the PC.		
	To exit the screen without formatting the memory device, press ESC . This returns to the previous screen without execution of any command.		
3.	CONT (F1).		
4.	YES (F4) to complete the formatting of the CompactFlash card.		
(F)	NO (F6) to abort the formatting of the CompactFlash card and return to TOOLS Format Memory Device.		
5.	Once the formatting of the CompactFlash card is completed the system returns to TPS1200+ Main Menu .		

3.7 Accessing Survey Application Program

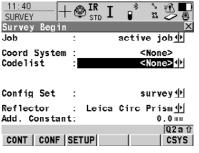
Access

Select Main Menu: Survey.

OR

Press PROG. Highlight Survey. CONT (F1).

SURVEY Survey Begin



CONT (F1)

To accept changes and access the subsequent screen. The chosen settings become active.

CONF (F2)

To access SURVEY Configuration. SETUP (F3)

Opens **SETUP Station Setup** to set station and orientation

CSYS (F6)

To select a different coordinate system. Not available for <Use Auto CrdSys: Yes> configured in CONFIGURE Additional Rover Settings.

Description of fields

Field	Option	Description
<job:></job:>	Choicelist	The active job. All jobs from Main Menu: Manage\Jobs can be selected.
<coord system:=""></coord>	Output	The coordinate system currently attached to the selected <job:>. Cannot be edited for <use autocrdsys:="" yes=""> configured in CONFIGURE Additional Rover Settings.</use></job:>
<codelist:></codelist:>	Choicelist	No codes are stored in the selected <job:></job:> . All codelists from Main Menu: Manage\Codelists can be selected.

Field	Option	Description
	Output	Codes have already been stored in the selected <job:>. If codes had been copied from a System RAM codelist, then the name of the codelist is displayed. If codes have not been copied from a System RAM codelist but typed in manually, then the name of the active job is displayed.</job:>
<config set:=""></config>	Choicelist	The active configuration set. All configuration sets from Main Menu: Manage\Configuration Sets can be selected.
		The instrument has numerous user configuration parameters and functions. This allows a variety of preferences to be addressed. The configuration of the parameters and functions for an individual measuring technique are combined in a configuration set.
<reflector:></reflector:>	Choicelist	Displays the active reflector. All reflectors from Main Menu: Manage\Reflectors. All listed reflectors can be selected.

Field	Option	Description
<add. constant:=""></add.>	Output	Displays the additive constant stored with the chosen reflector.

Next step

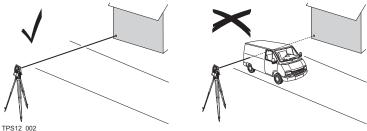
CONT (F1) to access SURVEY Survey: Job Name, where measurements can be performed with ALL (F1) or DIST (F2) and/or REC (F3).

Guidelines for Correct Results 3.8



Very short distances may be measured reflectorless in IR mode to well reflecting targets. Note that the distances are corrected with the additive constant defined for the active reflector.

Distance measurement



When measurements are being made using the red laser EDM, the results may be influenced by objects passing between the EDM and the intended target surface. This occurs because reflectorless measurements are made to the first surface returning sufficient energy to allow the measurement to take place. For example, if the intended target surface is the surface of a road, but a vehicle passes between the EDM and the target surface as DIST (F2) or ALL (F1) is pressed, the measurement may be made to the side of the vehicle. The result is the distance to the vehicle, not to the road surface

If using the red laser EDM for long range measurements to a prism, and an object passes within 30 m of the EDM as **DIST (F2)** or **ALL (F1)** is pressed, the distance measurement may be similarly effected due to the strength of the laser signal.

⚠

Due to laser safety regulations and measuring accuracy, using the Long Range Reflectorless EDM is only allowed to prisms that are more than 1000 m (3300 ft) away.



Accurate measurements to prisms should be made in IR mode.



When a distance measurement is triggered, the EDM measures to the object which is in the beam path at that moment. If a temporary obstruction, for example a passing vehicle, heavy rain, fog or snow is between the instrument and the point to be measured, the EDM may measure to the obstruction.



Do not measure with two instruments to the same target simultaneously to avoid getting mixed return signals.

ATR/lock

Instruments equipped with an ATR sensor permit automatic angle and distance measurements to prisms. The prism is sighted with the optical sight. After initiating a distance measurement, the instrument sights the prism centre automatically. Vertical and horizontal angles and the distance are measured to the centre of the prism. The lock mode enables the instrument to follow a moving prism.

(B)

As with all other instrument errors, the collimation error of the automatic target recognition must be redetermined periodically. Refer to "4 Check & Adjust" about checking and adjusting instruments.

F

When a measurement is triggered while the prism is still moving, distance and angle measurements may not be made for the same position and wrong coordinates may be calculated.

(8)

If the prism location is changed too quickly, the target may be lost. Make sure that the speed does not exceed the figure given in the technical data.

4 Check & Adjust

4.1 Overview

Description

Leica instruments are manufactured, assembled and adjusted to the best possible quality. Quick temperature changes, shock or stress can cause deviations and decrease the instrument accuracy.

It is therefore recommended to check and adjust the instrument from time to time. This can be done in the field by running through specific measurement procedures. The procedures are guided and have to be followed carefully and precisely as described in the following chapters. Some other instrument errors and mechanical parts can be adjusted mechanically.

Electronic adjustment

The following instrument errors can be checked and adjusted electronically:

I, t	Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors
i	Vertical index error, related to the standing axis
С	Hz collimation error, also called line of sight error
а	Tilting axis error
ATR	ATR zero point error for Hz and V - option

Every angle measured in the daily work is corrected automatically if the compensator and the Hz-corrections are activated in the instrument configuration. Select **Main Menu: Config...\Instrument Settings...\Compensator** to check the settings.

View current adjustment errors

The currently used adjustment errors can be viewed under Main Menu: Tools.../Check & Adjust...\Current Values.

Mechanical adjustment

The following instrument parts can be adjusted mechanically:

- Circular level on instrument and tribrach
- Laser plummet
- · Optical plummet option on tribrach
- · Allen screws on tripod

Precise measurements

To get precise measurements in the daily work, it is important:

- · To check and adjust the instrument from time to time.
- To take high precision measurements during the check and adjust procedures.
- To measure targets in two faces. Some of the instrument errors are eliminated by averaging the angles from both faces.
- Refer to "4.2 Preparation" to find more important points.



During the manufacturing process, the instrument errors are carefully determined and set to zero. As mentioned above, these errors can change and it is highly recommended to redetermine them in the following situations:

- · Before the first use
- · Before every high precision survey
- After rough or long transportations
- After long working periods
- After long storage periods
- If the temperature difference between current environment and the temperature at the last calibration is more than 20°C

Summary of errors to be adjusted electronically

Instrument error	Effects Hz	Effects V	Elimination with two face measurement	Automatically corrected with proper adjustment
c - Line of sight error	✓		✓	✓
a - Tilting axis error	✓		✓	✓
I - Compensator index error		✓	✓	✓
t - Compensator index error	✓		✓	✓
i - V-Index error		✓	✓	✓
ATR Collimation error	✓	✓		✓

4.2 Preparation





Before determining the instrument errors, the instrument has to be levelledup using the electronic level. **SHIFT F12** to access **STATUS Level & Laser Plummet, Level** page.

The tribrach, the tripod and the underground should be very stable and secure from vibrations or other disturbances.





The instrument should be protected from direct sunlight in order to avoid thermal warming.

It is also recommended to avoid strong heat shimmer and air turbulence. The best conditions are usually early in the morning or with overcast sky.



Before starting to work, the instrument has to become acclimatised to the ambient temperature. Approximately two minutes per °C of temperature difference from storage to working environment but at least 15 min should be taken into account.



Note, that even after good adjustment of the ATR, the crosshairs might not be positioned exactly on the centre of the prism after an ATR measurement has been executed. This is a normal effect. To speed up the ATR measurement, the telescope is normally not positioned exactly on the centre of the prism. The small rest deviations, the ATR offsets are measured individually for each measurement and

corrected electronically. This means that the Hz- and V- angles are corrected twice: first by the determined ATR errors for Hz and V and then by the individual small deviations of the current pointing.

Next step

IF the task is to	THEN
adjust a combination of instrument errors	Refer to "4.3 Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and ATR)"
adjust the tilting axis	Refer to "4.4 Tilting Axis Adjustment (a)"
adjust the circular level	Refer to "4.5 Adjusting the Circular Level of the Instrument and Tribrach"
adjust the laser/optical plummet	Refer to "4.7 Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument"
adjust the tripod	Refer to "4.8 Servicing the Tripod"

4.3 Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and ATR)

Description

The combined adjustment procedure determines the following instrument errors in one process:

l, t	Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors
i	Vertical index error, related to the standing axis
С	Hz collimation error, also called line of sight error
ATR Hz	ATR zero point error for Hz angle - option
ATR V	ATR zero point error for V angle - option

Combined adjustment procedure step-by-step

The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
1.	Main Menu: Tools\Check & Adjust
2.	TOOLS Check & Adjust Menu
	Select the option: Combined (I,t,i,c,ATR)
3.	TOOLS Combined I

Step	Description
	ATR Adjust: On> Includes the determination of the ATR Hz and V adjustment errors if an ATR is available. It is recommended to use a clean Leica circular prism as target. Do not use a 360° prism.
4.	Aim the telescope accurately at a target at about 100 m distant. The target must be positioned within \pm 9°/ \pm 10 gon of the horizontal plane. The procedure can be started in any telescope face.

Step	Description
5.	MEAS (F1) to measure and to continue to the next screen.
	Motorised instruments change automatically to the other face.
	Non-motorised instruments guide to the other face.
	The fine pointing has to be performed manually in both faces.
6.	TOOLS Combined II
	MEAS (F1) to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the instrument errors.
	If one or more errors are bigger than the predefined limits, the procedure has to be repeated. All measurements of the current run are rejected and none of them is averaged with the results from previous runs.

Step	Description
7.	TOOLS Adjustment Accuracy
	<no.of meas:=""> Shows the number of runs executed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.</no.of>
	<σ I Comp:> and similar lines show the standard deviations of the determined adjustment errors. The standard deviations can be calculated from the second run onwards.
	It is recommended to measure at least two runs.
8.	MEAS (F5) if more runs have to be added. Continue with step 3.
	OR
	CONT (F1) to accept the measurements and to proceed to TOOLS Adjustment Results. No more runs can be added later.

Next step

IF the results are	THEN
to be stored	CONT (F1) overwrites the old adjustment errors with the new ones, if the Use status is set to Yes .
to be determined again	REDO (F2) rejects all new determined adjustment errors and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to step 3. of paragraph "Combined adjustment procedure step-by-step".

4.4 Tilting Axis Adjustment (a)

Description

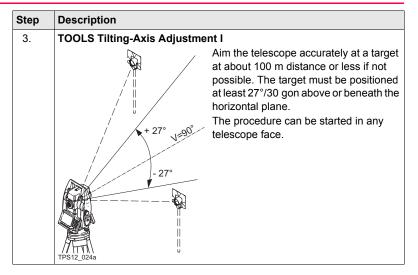
This adjustment procedure determines the following instrument error:

a Tilting axis error

Determination of tilting axis error step-by-step

The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
	The Hz collimation error (c) has to be determined before starting this procedure.
1.	Main Menu: Tools\Check & Adjust
2.	TOOLS Check & Adjust Menu
	Select the option: Tilting Axis (a)



Step	Description	
4.	MEAS (F1) to measure and to continue to the next screen.	
	Motorised instruments change automatically to the other face.	
	Non-motorised instruments guide to the other face.	
	The fine pointing has to be performed manually in both faces.	
5.	TOOLS Tilting-Axis Adjustment II	
	MEAS (F1) to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the tilting axis error.	
	If the error is bigger than the predefined limit, the procedure has to be repeated. The tilting axis measurements of the current run are then rejected and not averaged with the results from previous runs.	

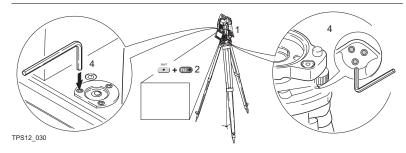
Step	Description
6.	TOOLS T-Axis Adjustment Accuracy
	<no.of meas:=""> Shows the number of runs executed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.</no.of>
	<σ a T-axis:> shows the standard deviation of the determined tilting axis error. The standard deviation can be calculated from the second run onwards.
	It is recommended to measure at least two runs.
7.	MEAS (F5) if more runs have to be added. Continue with step 3.
	OR
	CONT (F1) to accept the measurements and to proceed to TOOLS T-Axis Adjustment Result. No more runs can be added later.

Next step

IF the results are	THEN
to be stored	CONT (F1) overwrites the old tilting axis error with the new one.
to be determined again	REDO (F2) rejects the new determined tilting axis error and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to step 3. of paragraph "Determination of tilting axis error step-by-step".

4.5 Adjusting the Circular Level of the Instrument and Tribrach

Adjusting the circular level step-by-step

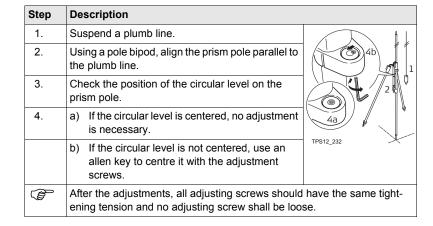


Step	Description
1.	Place and secure the instrument into the tribrach and onto a tripod.
2.	Using the tribrach footscrews, level the instrument with the electronic level. SHIFT F12 to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet.
3.	Check the position of the circular level on the instrument and tribrach.
4.	a) If both circular levels are centered, no adjustments are necessary
	b) If one or both circular levels are not centered, adjust as follows:

Step	p Description	
	Instrument: If it extends beyond the circle, use the supplied allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws. Turn the instrument by 200 gon (180°). Repeat the adjustment procedure if the circular level does not stay centered.	
	Tribrach : If it extends beyond the circle, use the supplied allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws.	
	After the adjustments, all adjusting screws should have the same tight- ening tension and no adjusting screw shall be loose.	

4.6 Adjusting the Circular Level of the Prism Pole

Adjusting the circular level step-by-step

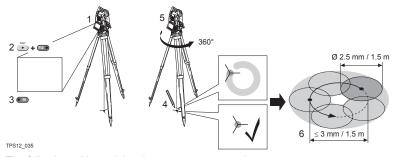


4.7 Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument



The laser plummet is located in the vertical axis of the instrument. Under normal conditions of use, the laser plummet does not need adjusting. If an adjustment is necessary due to external influences, the instrument has to be returned to any Leica Geosystems authorized service workshop.

Inspecting the laser plummet step-by-step

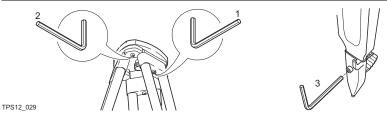


The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
1.	Place and secure the instrument into the tribrach and onto a tripod.
2.	Using the tribrach footscrews, level the instrument with the electronic level. SHIFT F12 to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet .
3.	PAGE (F6) to access the Laser Plummet page. Switch on the laser plummet. Inspection of the laser plummet should be carried out on a bright, smooth and horizontal surface, like a sheet of paper.
4.	Mark the centre of the red dot on the ground.
5.	Turn the instrument through 360° slowly, carefully observing the movement of the red laser dot.
	The maximum diameter of the circular movement described by the centre of the laser point should not exceed 3 mm at a distance of 1.5 m.
6.	If the centre of the laser dot describes a perceptible circular movement or moves more than 3 mm away from the point which was first marked, an adjustment may be required. Inform your nearest Leica Geosystems authorized service workshop. Depending on brightness and surface, the diameter of the laser dot can vary. At 1.5 m it is about 2.5 mm.

4.8 Servicing the Tripod

Servicing the tripod step-by-step



The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
	The connections between metal and timber components must always be firm and tight.
1.	Tighten the leg cap screws moderately, with the supplied allen key.
2.	Tighten the articulated joints on the tripod head just enough to keep the tripod legs open when lifting the tripod off the ground.
3.	Tighten the allen screws of the tripod legs.

5 Care and Transport

5.1 Transport

Transport in the field

When transporting the equipment in the field, always make sure that you

- either carry the product in its original transport container,
- or carry the tripod with its legs splayed across your shoulder, keeping the attached product upright.

Transport in a road vehicle

Never carry the product loose in a road vehicle, as it can be affected by shock and vibration. Always carry the product in its transport container and secure it.

Shipping

When transporting the product by rail, air or sea, always use the complete original Leica Geosystems packaging, transport container and cardboard box, or its equivalent, to protect against shock and vibration.

Shipping, transport of batteries

When transporting or shipping batteries, the person in charge of the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping, contact your local passenger or freight transport company.

Field adjustment

After transport inspect the field adjustment parameters given in this user manual before using the product.

5.2 Storage

Product

Respect the temperature limits when storing the equipment, particularly in summer if the equipment is inside a vehicle. Refer to "7 Technical Data" for information about temperature limits.

Field adjustment

After long periods of storage inspect the field adjustment parameters given in this user manual before using the product.

Li-lon batteries

- Refer to "7.9 General Technical Data of the Instrument" for information about storage temperature range.
- A storage temperature range of -20°C to +30°C/-4°F to +86°F in a dry environment is recommended to minimize self-discharging of the battery.
- At the recommended storage temperature range, batteries containing a 10% to 50% charge can be stored for up to one year. After this storage period the batteries must be recharged.
- Remove batteries from the product and the charger before storing.
- After storage recharge batteries before using.
- Protect batteries from damp and wetness. Wet or damp batteries must be dried before storing or use.

5.3 Cleaning and Drying

Product and accessories

- Blow dust off lenses and prisms.
- · Never touch the glass with your fingers.
- Use only a clean, soft, lint-free cloth for cleaning. If necessary, moisten the cloth with water or pure alcohol. Do not use other liquids; these may attack the polymer components.

Fogging of prisms

Reflector prisms that are cooler than the ambient temperature tend to fog. It is not enough simply to wipe them. Keep them for some time inside your jacket or in the vehicle to allow them to adjust to the ambient temperature.

Damp products

Dry the product, the transport container, the foam inserts and the accessories at a temperature not greater than 40° C / 104° F and clean them. Do not repack until everything is completely dry. Always close the transport container when using in the field



Cables and plugs

Keep plugs clean and dry. Blow away any dirt lodged in the plugs of the connecting cables.

5.4 Maintenance

Motorisation

An inspection of the motorisation in motorised products must be done in a Leica Geosystems authorized service workshop.

Following conditions:

- · After about 4000 hours operation.
- Twice a year in case of permanent use of the product, for example in monitoring applications.

6 Safety Directions

6.1 General Introduction

Description

The following directions should enable the person responsible for the product, and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards.

The person responsible for the product must ensure that all users understand these directions and adhere to them.

6.2 Intended Use

Permitted use

- Measuring horizontal and vertical angles.
- Measuring distances.
- Recording measurements.
- Automatic target search, recognition and -tracking.
- Visualizing the aiming direction and vertical axis.
- · Remote control of product.
- Data communication with external appliances.
- Measuring raw data and computing coordinates using carrier phase and code signal from GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite System) satellites.
- Carrying out measurement tasks using various GNSS measuring techniques.
- Recording GNSS and point related data.
- Computing by means of software.

Adverse use

- Use of the product without instruction.
- · Use outside of the intended limits.
- Disabling safety systems.
- · Removal of hazard notices.

- Opening the product using tools, for example screwdriver, unless this is specifically permitted for certain functions.
- Modification or conversion of the product.
- Use after misappropriation.
- Use of products with obviously recognizable damages or defects.
- Use with accessories from other manufacturers without the prior explicit approval of Leica Geosystems.
- Aiming directly into the sun.
- Inadequate safeguards at the working site, for example when measuring on roads.
- Deliberate dazzling of third parties.
- Controlling of machines, moving objects or similar monitoring application without additional control- and safety installations.



Adverse use can lead to injury, malfunction and damage.

It is the task of the person responsible for the equipment to inform the user about hazards and how to counteract them. The product is not to be operated until the user has been instructed on how to work with it.

6.3 Limits of Use

Environment

Suitable for use in an atmosphere appropriate for permanent human habitation: not suitable for use in aggressive or explosive environments.



Local safety authorities and safety experts must be contacted before working in hazardous areas, or in close proximity to electrical installations or similar situations by the person in charge of the product.

6.4 Responsibilities

Manufacturer of the product

Leica Geosystems AG, CH-9435 Heerbrugg, hereinafter referred to as Leica Geosystems, is responsible for supplying the product, including the user manual and original accessories, in a completely safe condition.

Manufacturers of non Leica Geosystems accessories

The manufacturers of non Leica Geosystems accessories for the product are responsible for developing, implementing and communicating safety concepts for their products, and are also responsible for the effectiveness of those safety concepts in combination with the Leica Geosystems product.

Person in charge of the product

The person in charge of the product has the following duties:

- To understand the safety instructions on the product and the instructions in the user manual.
- To be familiar with local regulations relating to safety and accident prevention.
- To inform Leica Geosystems immediately if the product and the application becomes unsafe.
- To ensure that the national laws, regulations and conditions for the operation of radio transmitters are respected.



The person responsible for the product must ensure that it is used in accordance with the instructions. This person is also accountable for the training and the deployment of personnel who use the product and for the safety of the equipment in use.

Safety Directions TPS1200+ 122

6.5 Hazards of Use



The absence of instruction, or the inadequate imparting of instruction, can lead to incorrect or adverse use, and can give rise to accidents with far-reaching human, material, financial and environmental consequences.

Precautions:

All users must follow the safety directions given by the manufacturer and the directions of the person responsible for the product.



Watch out for erroneous measurement results if the product has been dropped or has been misused, modified, stored for long periods or transported.

Precautions:

Periodically carry out test measurements and perform the field adjustments indicated in the user manual, particularly after the product has been subjected to abnormal use and before and after important measurements.



Because of the risk of electrocution, it is very dangerous to use poles and extensions in the vicinity of electrical installations such as power cables or electrical railways.

Precautions:

Keep at a safe distance from electrical installations. If it is essential to work in this environment, first contact the safety authorities responsible for the electrical installations and follow their instructions.





With the remote control of products, it is possible that extraneous targets will be picked out and measured.

Precautions:

When measuring in remote control mode, always check your results for plausibility.



If the product is used with accessories, for example masts, staffs, poles, you may increase the risk of being struck by lightning.

Precautions:

Do not use the product in a thunderstorm.



Be careful when pointing the product towards the sun, because the telescope functions as a magnifying glass and can injure your eyes and/or cause damage inside the product.

Precautions:

Do not point the product directly at the sun.



During dynamic applications, for example stakeout procedures there is a danger of accidents occurring if the user does not pay attention to the environmental conditions around, for example obstacles, excavations or traffic.

Precautions:

The person responsible for the product must make all users fully aware of the existing dangers.



Inadequate securing of the working site can lead to dangerous situations, for example in traffic, on building sites, and at industrial installations.

Precautions:

Always ensure that the working site is adequately secured. Adhere to the regulations governing safety and accident prevention and road traffic.



Only Leica Geosystems authorized service workshops are entitled to repair these products.



If computers intended for use indoors are used in the field there is a danger of electric shock.

Precautions:

Adhere to the instructions given by the computer manufacturer with regard to field use in conjunction with Leica Geosystems products.



If the accessories used with the product are not properly secured and the product is subjected to mechanical shock, for example blows or falling, the product may be damaged or people may sustain injury.

Precautions:

When setting-up the product, make sure that the accessories are correctly adapted, fitted, secured, and locked in position.

Avoid subjecting the product to mechanical stress.



During the transport, shipping or disposal of batteries it is possible for inappropriate mechanical influences to constitute a fire hazard.

Precautions:

Before shipping the product or disposing of it, discharge the batteries by running the product until they are flat.

When transporting or shipping batteries, the person in charge of the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are

observed. Before transportation or shipping contact your local passenger or freight transport company.



Using a battery charger not recommended by Leica Geosystems can destroy the batteries. This can cause fire or explosions.

Precautions:

Only use chargers recommended by Leica Geosystems to charge the batteries.



High mechanical stress, high ambient temperatures or immersion into fluids can cause leakage, fire or explosions of the batteries.

Precautions:

Protect the batteries from mechanical influences and high ambient temperatures. Do not drop or immerse batteries into fluids.



Short circuited battery terminals can overheat and cause injury or fire, for example by storing or transporting in pockets if battery terminals come in contact with jewellery, keys, metallized paper or other metals.

Precautions:

Make sure that the battery terminals do not come into contact with metallic objects.

Marning

If the product is improperly disposed of, the following can happen:

- If polymer parts are burnt, poisonous gases are produced which may impair health.
- If batteries are damaged or are heated strongly, they can explode and cause poisoning, burning, corrosion or environmental contamination.
- By disposing of the product irresponsibly you may enable unauthorized persons to use it in contravention of the regulations, exposing themselves and third parties to the risk of severe injury and rendering the environment liable to contamination.
- Improper disposal of silicone oil may cause environmental contamination.

Precautions:



The product must not be disposed with household waste. Dispose of the product appropriately in accordance with the national regulations in force in your country.

Always prevent access to the product by unauthorized personnel.

Product specific treatment and waste management information can be downloaded from the Leica Geosystems home page at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/treatment or received from your Leica Geosystems dealer.



The product uses the GPS P-Code signal which by U.S. policy may be switched off without notice.

6.6 Laser Classification

6.6.1 General

General

The following directions (in accordance with the state of the art - international standard IEC 60825-1 (2007-03) and IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02)) provide instruction and training information to the person responsible for the product and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards.

The person responsible for the product must ensure that all users understand these directions and adhere to them.



Products classified as laser class 1, class 2 and class 3R do not require:

- laser safety officer involvement,
- protective clothes and eyewear,
- special warning signs in the laser working area

if used and operated as defined in this user manual due to the low eye hazard level.



Products classified as laser class 2 or class 3R may cause dazzle, flashblindness and afterimages, particularly under low ambient light conditions.

6.6.2 Distancer, Measurements with Reflectors (IR mode)

General

The EDM module built into this product produces a visible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

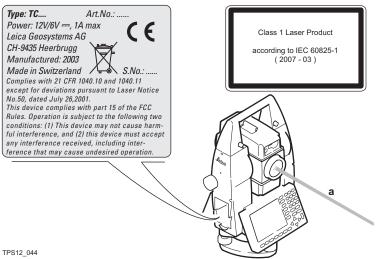
The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products"
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products"

Class 1 laser products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this user manual.

Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	0.33 mW
Pulse duration	800 ps
Pulse repetition frequency	100 MHz - 150 MHz
Wavelength	650 nm - 690 nm

Labelling



a) Laser beam

6.6.3 Distancer, Measurements without Reflectors (RL mode)

General

The EDM module built into the product produces a visible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The laser product described in this section, is classified as laser class 3R in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products"
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products"

Class 3R laser products:

Direct intrabeam viewing may be hazardous (low-level eye hazard), in particular for deliberate ocular exposure. The risk of injury for laser class 3R products is limited because of:

- unintentional exposure would rarely reflect worst case conditions of (e.g.) beam alignment with the pupil, worst case accommodation,
- inherent safety margin in the maximum permissible exposure to laser radiation (MPE),
- natural aversion behaviour for exposure to bright light for the case of visible radiation.

Description	Value (R400/R1000)
Maximum average radiant power	5.00 mW
Pulse duration	800 ps
Pulse repetition frequency	100 MHz - 150 MHz
Wavelength	650 nm - 690 nm
Beam divergence	0.2 mrad x 0.3 mrad
NOHD (Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance) @ 0.25s	80 m / 262 ft



From a safety perspective class 3R laser products should be treated as potentially hazardous.

Precautions:

Prevent direct eye exposure to the beam. Do not direct the beam at other people.



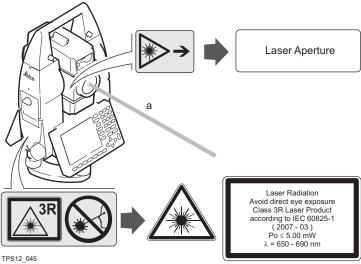
Potential hazards are not only related to direct beams but also to reflected beams aimed at reflecting surfaces such as prisms, windows, mirrors, metallic surfaces etc.

Precautions:

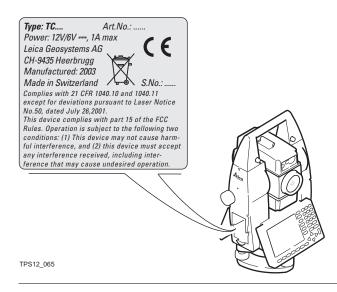
Do not aim at areas that are essentially reflective, such as a mirror, or which could emit unwanted reflections.

Do not look through or beside the optical sight at prisms or reflecting objects when the laser is switched on, in laser pointer or distance measurement mode. Aiming at prisms is only permitted when looking through the telescope.

Labelling



a) Laser beam



6.6.4 Automatic Target Recognition ATR

General

The Automatic Target Recognition built into this product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

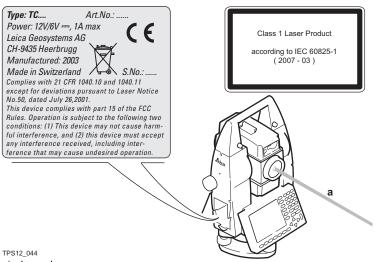
The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products"
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products"

Class 1 laser products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this user manual.

Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	10 mW
Pulse duration	11 ms
Pulse repetition frequency	37 Hz
Wavelength	785 nm

Labelling



a) Laser beam

6.6.5 PowerSearch PS

General

The PowerSearch built into this product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

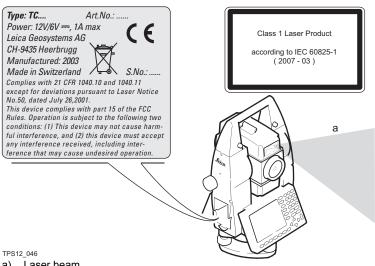
The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products"
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products"

Class 1 laser products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this user manual.

Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	11 mW
Pulse duration	20 ns, 40 ns
Pulse repetition frequency	24.4 kHz
Wavelength	850 nm

Labelling



Laser beam

6.6.6 Electronic Guide Light EGL

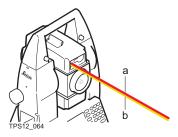
General

The integrated Electronic Guide Light produces a visible LED beam from the front side of the telescope. Depending on the type of telescope the EGL may be designed differently.



The product described in this section, is excluded from the scope of IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products".

The product described in this section, is classified as exempt group in accordance with IEC 62471 (2006-07) and does not pose any hazard provided that the product is used and maintained in accordance with this user manual.



- a) LED beam red
- b) LED beam yellow

6.6.7 Laser Plummet

General

The laser plummet built into the product produces a visible red laser beam which emerges from the bottom of the product.

The laser product described in this section, is classified as laser class 2 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products"
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products"

Class 2 laser products:

These products are safe for momentary exposures but can be hazardous for deliberate staring into the beam.

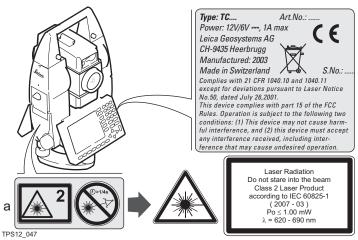
Description	Value
Maximum radiant power	1.00 mW
Pulse duration	0-100 %
Pulse repetition frequency	1 kHz
Wavelength	620 nm - 690 nm



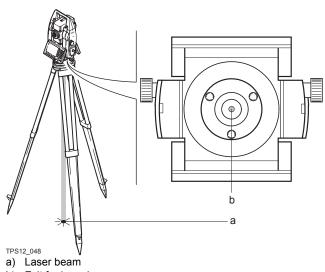
From a safety perspective class 2 laser products are not inherently safe for the eyes. **Precautions:**

Avoid staring into the beam or pointing the beam at other people.

Labelling



a) Will be replaced by a class 3R warning label if applicable



b) Exit for laser beam

6.7 Electromagnetic Compatibility EMC

Description

The term Electromagnetic Compatibility is taken to mean the capability of the product to function smoothly in an environment where electromagnetic radiation and electrostatic discharges are present, and without causing electromagnetic disturbances to other equipment.



Electromagnetic radiation can cause disturbances in other equipment.

Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment may be disturbed.



There is a risk that disturbances may be caused in other equipment if the product is used in conjunction with accessories from other manufacturers, for example field computers, personal computers, two-way radios, non-standard cables or external hatteries

Precautions:

Use only the equipment and accessories recommended by Leica Geosystems. When combined with the product, they meet the strict requirements stipulated by the guidelines and standards. When using computers and two-way radios, pay attention to the information about electromagnetic compatibility provided by the manufacturer.



Disturbances caused by electromagnetic radiation can result in erroneous measurements.

Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that the product may be disturbed by very intense electromagnetic radiation, for example, near radio transmitters, two-way radios or diesel generators.

Precautions:

Check the plausibility of results obtained under these conditions.



If the product is operated with connecting cables attached at only one of their two ends, for example external supply cables, interface cables, the permitted level of electromagnetic radiation may be exceeded and the correct functioning of other products may be impaired.

Precautions:

While the product is in use, connecting cables, for example product to external battery, product to computer, must be connected at both ends.

Radios, digital cellular phones or SmartAntenna with Bluetooth Warning

Use of product with radio, digital cellular phone devices or SmartAntenna with Bluetooth:

Electromagnetic radiation can cause disturbances in other equipment, in installations, in medical devices, for example pacemakers or hearing aids and in aircraft. It can also affect humans and animals.

Precautions:

Although the product meets in combination with radio or digital cellular phone devices recommended by Leica Geosystems the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment may be disturbed or that humans or animals may be affected.

- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in the vicinity of filling stations or chemical installations, or in other areas where an explosion hazard exists.
- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices near to medical equipment.
- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in aircraft.
- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices for long periods immediately next to your body.

6.8 FCC Statement, Applicable in U.S.

Applicability

The greyed paragraph below is only applicable for products of the TPS1200+ System without radio, digital cellular phone devices or Bluetooth.



This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

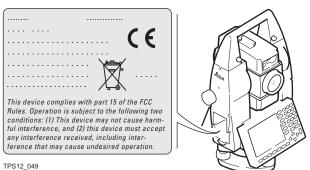
If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

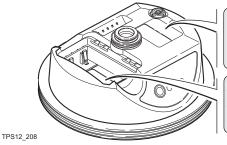


Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Leica Geosystems for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Labelling TPS1200+



Labelling SmartAntenna



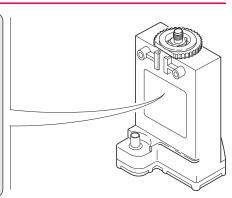
This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Type: AT.... Art.No.:
Equip.No.: XXXXXX S.No.:
Power: 12V=n, nominal 1/0.5A max.
Leica Geosystems AG
CH-9435 Heerbrug
Manufactured: 2004
Made in Switzerland
S.No.:

Labelling clip-on-housings GFU24

Type: GFUXX
\/
······ (€
This device complies with part 15 of the FCC
Rules. Operation is subject to the following two

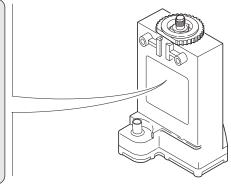
This aevice compiles with part 15 of the FCL Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired



GPS12_103

Labelling clip-on-housings GFU19, GFU25

Type: GFUXX
This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired

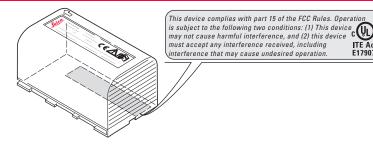


operation.

US LISTED

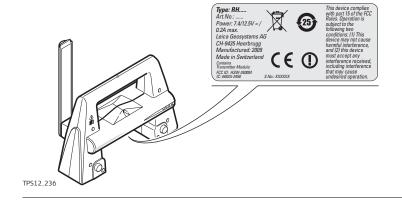
ITE Accessory E179078 . 70YL

Labelling internal battery GEB211, GEB212, GEB221



TPS12_082

Labelling RadioHandle



7 Technical Data

7.1 Angle Measurement

Accuracy

Туре	std. dev. Hz, V, ISO 17123-3 [["] [mgon] [Display least count		
			["]	[mgon]	
1201+	1	0.3	0.1	0.1	
1202+	2	0.6	0.1	0.1	
1203+	3	1.0	0.1	0.5	
1205+	5	1.5	0.1	0.5	

Characteristics

Absolute, continuous, diametric.

7.2 Distance Measurement with Reflectors (IR mode)

Range

Reflector	Range	Range A		Range B		Range C	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	
Standard prism (GPR1)	1800	6000	3000	10000	3500	12000	
3 standard prisms (GPR1)	2300	7500	4500	14700	5400	17700	
360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)	800	2600	1500	5000	2000	7000	
360° Mini prism (GRZ101)	450	1500	800	2600	1000	3300	
Mini prism (GMP101)	800	2600	1200	4000	2000	7000	
Reflector tape (GZM31) 60 mm x 60 mm	150	500	250	800	250	800	
Machine Automation power prism (MPR122) For Machine Control purposes only!	800	2600	1500	5000	2000	7000	

Shortest measuring distance: 1.5 m

Atmospheric conditions

A: Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer

B: Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat shimmer

C: Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer



Measurements can be made to reflector tapes over the entire range without external ancillary optics.

Accuracy

Accuracy refers to measurements to standard prisms.

EDM measuring mode	std. dev. ISO 17123-4, standard prism	std. dev. ISO 17123-4, tape	Measurement time, typical [s]
Standard	1 mm + 1.5 ppm	5 mm + 2 ppm	2.4
Fast	3 mm + 1.5 ppm	5 mm + 2 ppm	0.8
Tracking	3 mm + 1.5 ppm	5 mm + 2 ppm	< 0.15
Averaging	1 mm + 1.5 ppm	5 mm + 2 ppm	-

Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy.

The display resolution is 0.1 mm.

Characteristics

Principle: Phase measurement Type: Coaxial, visible red laser

Carrier wave: 658 nm

Measuring system: System analyzer basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz

7.3 Distance Measurement without Reflectors (RL mode)

Range

Туре	Card	Range D		Range E		Range F	
		[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
R400	White side, 90 % reflective	200	660	300	990	>400	>1310
R400	Grey side, 18 % reflective	150	490	200	660	>200	>660
	+						
R1000	White side, 90 % reflective	800	2630	1000	3280	>1000	>3280
R1000	Grey side, 18 % reflective	400	1320	500	1640	>500	>1640

Range of Measurement: 1.5 m - 1200 m Display unambiguous: up to 1200 m

Atmospheric conditions

D: Object in strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer

E: Object in shade, sky overcast

F: Underground, night and twilight

Accuracy

Standard measuring	std. dev. ISO 17123-4	Measure time, typical [s]	Measure time, maximum [s]
0 m - 500 m	2 mm + 2 ppm	3 - 6	12
>500 m	4 mm + 2 ppm	3 - 6	12

Object in shade, sky overcast.

Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy.

The display resolution is 0.1 mm.

Characteristics

Type: Coaxial, visible red laser

Carrier wave: 658 nm

Measuring system PinPoint R400/R1000:System analyzer basis

100 MHz - 150 MHz

Laser dot size

Distance [m]	Laser dot size, approximately [mm]
at 30	7 x 10
at 50	8 x 20

7.4 Distance Measurement - Long Range (LO mode)

Range

The range of the long range measurements is the same for R400 and R1000.

Reflector	Range A		Range B	1	Range C	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism (GPR1)	2200	7300	7500	24600	>10000	>32800

Range of measurement:

1000 m to 12000 m

Display unambiguous:

up to 12000 m

Atmospheric conditions

A: Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer

B: Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat shimmer

C: Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer

Accuracy

Standard measuring	std. dev. ISO 17123-4	Measure time, typical [s]	Measure time, maximum [s]
Long Range	5 mm + 2 ppm	2.5	12

Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy. The display resolution is 0.1 mm.

Characteristics

Principle: Phase measurement Type: Coaxial, visible red laser

Carrier wave: 658 nm

Measuring system: System analyser basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz

7.5 Automatic Target Recognition ATR

Range ATR/LOCK

Reflector	Range ATF	R mode	Range Lock mode	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism (GPR1)	1000	3300	800	2600
360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)	800	2600	600	2000
360° Mini prism (GRZ101)	350	1150	300	1000
Mini prism (GMP101)	500	1600	400	1300
Reflector tape 60 mm x 60 mm	55	175	not qualified	d
Machine Automation power prism (MPR122)	600	2000	500	1600
For Machine Control purposes only!				
The maximum range can be restricted by poorer				

conditions, for example rain.

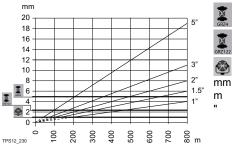
Shortest measuring distance: 360° prism ATR: 1.5 m Shortest measuring distance: 360° prism LOCK: 5 m

ATR accuracy with the GPR1 prism

ATR angle accuracy Hz, V (std. dev. ISO 17123-3): 1 " (0.3 mgon)
Base Positioning accuracy (std.dev.): ± 1 mm

System accuracy with ATR

- The accuracy with which the position of a prism can be determined with Automatic Target Recognition (ATR) depends on several factors such as internal ATR accuracy, instrument angle accuracy, prism type, selected EDM measuring program and the external measuring conditions. The ATR has a basic standard deviation level of ± 1 mm. Above a certain distance, the instrument angle accuracy predominates and takes over the standard deviation of the ATR.
- The following graph shows the ATR standard deviation based on two different prism types, distances and instrument accuracies.



Leica GRZ4 prism (360°)





Leica circular prism

5 m/s at 20 m; 25 m/s at 100 m

ATR accuracy [mm] Distance measurement [m] Instrument angle accuracy ["]

Maximum speed in lock mode

Maximum tangential speed:

Maximum radial speed with

<EDM Mode: Tracking>: 5 m/s

Searching

Typical search time in field of view: 1.5 s

Field of view: 1°25'/1.55 gon

Definable search windows: Yes

Characteristics

Principle: Type:

Digital image processing Infrared laser

7.6 PowerSearch PS

Range

Reflector	Range PS		
	[m]	[ft]	
Standard prism (GPR1)	300	1000	
360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)	300*	1000*	
Mini prism (GMP101)	100	330	
Machine Automation power prism (MPR122) For Machine Control purposes only!	300*	1000*	

Measurements at the vertical limits of the fan or under unfavourable atmospheric conditions may reduce the maximum range. (*aligned to the instrument optimal)

Shortest measuring distance: 1.5 m

Searching

Typical search time: <10 s

Default search area: Hz: 400 gon, V: 40 gon

Definable search windows: Yes

Characteristics

Principle: Digital signal processing

Type: Infrared laser

7.7 SmartStation

7.7.1 SmartStation Accuracy



Measurement precision and accuracy in position and accuracy in height are dependent upon various factors including the number of satellites tracked, constellation geometry, observation time, ephemeris accuracy, ionospheric disturbance, multipath and resolved ambiguities. Figures quoted assume normal to favourable conditions.

Accuracy

Position accuracy: Horizontal: 10 mm + 1 ppm

Vertical: 20 mm + 1 ppm

When used within reference station networks the position accuracy is in accordance with the accuracy specifications provided by the reference station network.

Initialisation

Method: Real time (RTK)

Reliability of initialisation: Better than 99.99 %

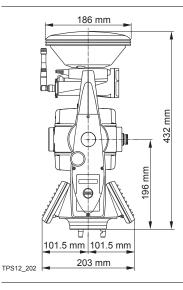
Time of initialisation: Typically 8 s, with 5 or more satellites on L1 and L2 Range: Up to 50 km, assuming reliable data-link is available

RTK data formats

Formats for data reception: Leica proprietary GPS and GNSS real-time data formats, CMR, CMR+, RTCM V2.1 / 2.2 / 2.3 / 3.1

7.7.2 SmartStation Dimensions

SmartStation Dimensions



7.7.3 SmartAntenna Technical Data

Description and use

The SmartAntenna is selected for use based upon the application. The table gives a description and the intended use of the SmartAntenna.

Туре	Description	Use
ATX1230+ GNSS	GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, Compass SmartTrack+ antenna with built in groundplane.	With RX1250 or TPS1200+.
GS09	GPS, GLONASS SmartTrack+ antenna with built in ground-plane.	With CS09 or TPS1200+.

Dimensions

Height: 0.089 m Diameter: 0.186 m

Connector

- 8 pin LEMO-1 socket to connect antenna cable (only applicable when Smart-Antenna is used independently on a pole with RX1250).
- Special clip-on interface for connecting SmartAntenna to SmartAntenna Adapter on a TPS1200+ instrument.

Mounting

5/8" Whitworth

Weight

1.1 kg including internal battery GEB211/GEB212

Power

Power consumption: 1.8 W typically, 270 mA

External supply voltage: Nominal 12 V DC (===, GEV197 SmartAntenna to PC for

data transfer and to external power supply), voltage

range 10.5-28 V DC

Battery internal

Type: Li-Ion Voltage: 7.4 V

Capacity: GEB211: 2.2 Ah / GEB212: 2.6 Ah
Typical operating time: GEB211: 5.7 h / GEB212: 6.5 h

Electrical data

Туре	ATX1230+ GNSS	GS09
Voltage	-	-
Current	-	-
Frequency	GPS L1 1575.42 MHz	GPS L1 1575.42 MHz
	GPS L2 1227.60 MHz	GPS L2 1227.60 MHz
	GLONASS L1 1602.5625- 1611.5 MHz	GLONASS L1 1602.5625- 1611.5 MHz

Туре	ATX1230+ GNSS	GS09
	GLONASS L2 1246.4375- 1254.3 MHz	GLONASS L2 1246.4375- 1254.3 MHz
	Galileo E1 1575.42 MHz	-
	Galileo E5a 1176.45 MHz	-
	Galileo E5b 1207.14 MHz	-
	Galileo Alt-BOC 1191.795 MHz	-
Gain	Typically 27 dBi	Typically 27 dBi
Noise Figure	Typically < 2 dBi	Typically < 2 dBi
BW, -3 dBiW	-	-
BW, -30 dBi	-	-



Galileo Alt-BOC covers bandwith of Galileo E5a and E5b.

Environmental specifications

Temperature

Operating temperature [°C]	Storage temperature [°C]
-40 to +65	-40 to +80
Bluetooth: -30 to +65	

Protection against water, dust and sand

Protection

IP67 (IEC 60529)

Dusttight

Protected against water jets

Waterproof to 1 m temporary immersion

Humidity

Protection

Up to 100 %

The effects of condensation are to be effectively counteracted by periodically drying out the antenna.

7.8 Conformity to National Regulations

7.8.1 Communication side cover with Bluetooth

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the Communication side cover with Bluetooth is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce.



Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EU Member state.

 The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.

Frequency band	2402 - 2480 MHz		
Output power	Bluetooth:	5 mW	
Antenna	Type: Gain:	Internal Microstrip antenna 1.5 dBi	

7.8.2 GFU24, Siemens MC75

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15, 22 and 24 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the GFU24 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.
 The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce.



Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EU Member state.

 The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15, 22 and 24 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.

Frequency band

Quad-Band EGSM850 / EGSM900 / GSM1800 / GSM1900 MHz

Output power

EGSM850: 2 W EGSM900: 2 W GSM1800: 1 W GSM1900: 1 W

Antennas

Туре	GAT 3	GAT 5
Frequency band	900 or 1800 MHz	850 or 1900 MHz
Туре	Detachable λ/2 antenna	Detachable λ/2 antenna
Gain	0 dBi	0 dBi
Connector	TNC	TNC

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

The product meets the limits for the maximum permissible exposure of the guidelines and standards which are force in this respect. The product must be used with the recommended antenna. A separation distance of at least 20 centimeters should be kept between the antenna and the body of the user or nearby person within the intended application.

7.8.3 GFU19 (US), GFU25 (CAN) CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C

Conformity to National Regulations

- FCC Part 15, 22 and 24 (applicable in US).
- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15, 22 and 24 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.

Frequency band

Dual-Band CDMA850 / CDMA1900 MHz

Output power

CDMA850: 2 W CDMA1900: 0.4 W

Antenna

Туре	GAT 1204
Frequency band	850 / 1900 MHz
Туре	Detachable λ/4 antenna
Gain	0 dBi
Connector	TNC

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

The product meets the limits for the maximum permissible exposure of the guidelines and standards which are force in this respect. The product must be used with the recommended antenna. A separation distance of at least 20 centimeters should be kept between the antenna and the body of the user or nearby person within the intended application.

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the RadioHandle is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce.





Class 2 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) for which following EEA Member States apply restrictions on the placing on the market or on the putting into service or require authorization for use:

- France
- Italy
- Norway (if used in the geographical area within a radius of 20km from the centre of Ny-Ålesund)

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 The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.

Frequency band

RH1200	Limited to 2409 - 2435 MH:
RH15	Limited to 2402 - 2452 MHz

7.8.5 SmartAntenna with Bluetooth

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the SmartAntenna with Bluetooth is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce.



Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EU Member state.

 The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.

Frequency band

Туре	Frequency band [MHz]
ATX1230+ GNSS	1176.45
	1191.795
	1207.14
	1227.60
	1246.4375 - 1254.3
	1575.42
	1602.4375 - 1611.5
GS09	1227.60
	1246.4375 - 1254.3
	1575.42
	1602.4375 - 1611.5
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480

Output power

Туре	Output power [mW]	
GNSS	Receive only	
Bluetooth	5	

GNSS: Internal GNSS antenna element (receive only) Bluetooth:

Type: Internal Microstrip antenna

Gain: 1.5 dBi

7.9 General Technical Data of the Instrument

Telescope

Magnification: 30 x Clear objective diameter: 40 mm

Focusing: 1.7 m/5.6 ft to infinity

Field of view: 1°30'/1.66 gon

2.7 m at 100 m

Compensator

Туре	Setting accuracy		Setting range	
	["]	[mgon]	[']	[gon]
1201+	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
1202+	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
1203+	1	0.3	4	0.07
1205+	1.5	0.5	4	0.07

Level

Circular level sensitivity: 6'/2 mm

Electronic level resolution:

Control unit

Display: 1/4 VGA (320 x 240 pixels), color, graphics

capable LCD, illumination, touch screen

Keyboard: 34 keys

including 12 function keys and 12 alphanumeric

keys, illumination

Angle Display: 360°", 360° decimal, 400 gon, 6400 mil, V %

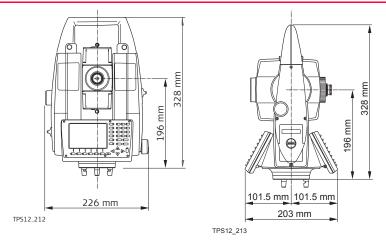
Distance Display: m, ft int, ft us, ft int inch, ft us inch
Position: In both faces, face two is optional

Touch screen if fitted: Toughened film on glass

Instrument Ports

Port	Name	Description	
Port 1	Port 1	5 pin LEMO-0 for power, communication, data transfer. This part is because of the instance of the instan	
		This port is located at the base of the instrument.	
Port 2	Handle	Hotshoe connection for RadioHandle with RCS and SmartAntenna Adapter with SmartStation.	
		This port is located on top of Communication side cover.	
Port 3	ВТ	Bluetooth module for communication.	
		This port is housed within Communication side cover.	

Instrument Dimensions



Weight

Instrument: 4.8 - 5.5 kg
Tribrach: 0.8 kg

Internal battery GEB221: 0.2 kg

Recording

Data can be recorded onto a CompactFlash card or into internal memory if fitted.

Туре	Capacity [MB]	Number of measurements per MB
CompactFlash card	• 256	1750
Internal memory - optional	• 256	1750

Laser plummet

Type: Visible red laser class 2

Location: In standing axis of instrument Accuracy: Deviation from plumbline:

1.5 mm at 1.5 m instrument height

Diameter of laser point: 2.5 mm at 1.5 m instrument height

Drives Type:

Endless horizontal and vertical drives

Motorisation

Maximum rotating speed: 50 gon/s

Power

External supply voltage: Nominal voltage 12.8 V DC, Range 11.5 V-13.5 V

Internal battery

Type: Li-Ion Voltage: 7.4 V

Capacity: GEB221: 4.4 Ah

External battery

Type: NiMH Voltage: 12 V

Capacity: GEB171: 9.0 Ah

Environmental specifications

Temperature

Туре	Operating temperature [°C]	Storage temperature [°C]
TPS1200+	-20 to +50	-40 to +70
Leica CompactFlash cards, all sizes	-40 to +80	-40 to +80
Battery internal	-20 to +55	-40 to +70
Bluetooth	-30 to +60	-40 to +80

Protection against water, dust and sand

Туре	Protection
TPS1200+	IP54 (IEC 60529)

Humidity

Туре	Protection
TPS1200+	Max 95 % non condensing The effects of condensation are to be effectively counteracted by periodically drying out the instrument.

Reflectors

Туре	Additive Constant [mm]	ATR	PS
Standard prism, GPR1	0.0	yes	yes
Mini prism, GMP101	+17.5	yes	yes
360° prism, GRZ4 / GRZ122	+23.1	yes	yes
360° Mini prism, GRZ101	+30.0	yes	not recommended
Reflector tape S, M, L	+34.4	yes	no
Reflectorless	+34.4	no	no

Туре	Additive Constant [mm]	ATR	PS
Machine Automation power prism, MPR122 For Machine Control purposes only!	+28.1	yes	yes

There are no special prisms required for ATR or for PS.

Electronic Guide Light EGL

Working range:
Positioning accuracy:

5 - 150 m 5 cm at 100 m

Automatic corrections

The following automatic corrections are made:

- Line of sight error
- Tilting axis error
- Earth curvature
- Circle eccentricity
- · Compensator index error

- Vertical index error
- Standing axis tilt
- Refraction
- ATR zero point error

7.10 Scale Correction

Use

By entering a scale correction, reductions proportional to distance can be taken into account.

- Atmospheric correction
- Reduction to mean sea level
- Projection distortion

Atmospheric correction ΔD_1

The slope distance displayed is correct if the scale correction in ppm, mm/km, which has been entered corresponds to the atmospheric conditions prevailing at the time of the measurement.

The atmospheric correction includes:

- · Adjustments for air pressure
- Air temperature
- · Relative humidity

For highest precision distance measurements, the atmospheric correction should be determined with an accuracy of 1 ppm. The following parameters must be redetermined:

Air temperature to 1°C

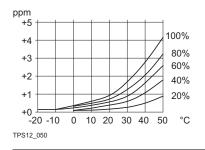
- Air pressure to 3 mbar
- Relative humidity to 20 %

Air humidity

The air humidity influences the distance measurement if the climate is extremely hot and damp.

For high precision measurements, the relative humidity must be measured and entered along with the air pressure and the temperature.

Air humidity correction



ppm % Air humidity correction [mm/km] Relative humidity [%] Air temperature [°C]

Index n

Туре	Index n	carrier wave [nm]
combined EDM	1.0002863	658

The index n is calculated from the formula of Barrel and Sears, and is valid for:

Air pressure p: 1013.25 mbar

Air temperature t: 12 °C Relative air humidity h: 60 %

Formulas

Formula for visible red laser

$$\Delta D_1 = 286.34 - \left[\frac{0.29525 \cdot p}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} - \frac{4.126 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot h}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} \cdot 10^{x} \right]$$
TPS12 229

ΔD₁ Atmospheric correction [ppm]

- p Air pressure [mbar]
- t Air temperature [°C]
- h Relative humidity [%]

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{273.15}$$

$$x (7.5 * t/(237.3 + t)) + 0.7857$$

If the basic value of 60 % relative humidity as used by the EDM is retained, the maximum possible error in the calculated atmospheric correction is 2 ppm, 2 mm/km.

Reduction to mean sea level ΔD_2

The values for ΔD_2 are always negative and are derived from the following formula:

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$$\Delta D_2 = -\frac{H}{R} \cdot 10^6$$
 ΔD_2 Reduction to mean sea level [ppm] H Height of EDM above sea level [m]

Projection distortion ΔD₃

The magnitude of the projection distortion is in accordance with the projection system used in a particular country, for which official tables are generally available. The following formula is valid for cylindrical projections such as that of Gauss-Krüger:

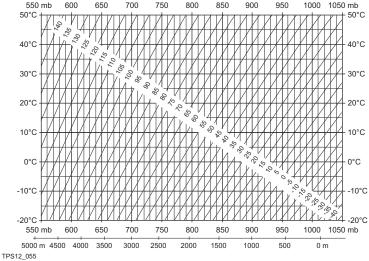
$$\Delta D_3 = \frac{X^2}{2R^2} \cdot 10^6$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Delta D_3 & \text{Projection distortion [ppm]} \\ X & \text{Easting, distance from projection} \\ \text{zero line with the scale factor 1 [km]} \\ \text{TPS12_054} & \text{R} & 6.378 * 10^6 \text{ m} \\ \end{array}$$

In countries where the scale factor is not unity, this formula cannot be directly applied.

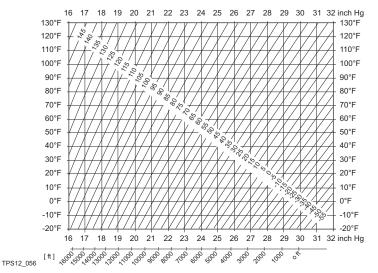
Atmospheric corrections °C

Atmospheric corrections in ppm with temperature [°C], air pressure [mb] and height [m] at 60 % relative humidity.



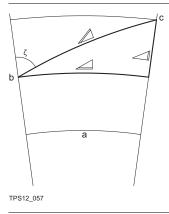
Atmospheric correction F

Atmospheric correction in ppm with temperature [F], air pressure [inch Hg] and height [ft] at 60 % relative humidity.



7.11 Reduction Formulas

Measurements



- a) Mean Sea Level
- b) Instrument
- c) Reflector
- Slope distance
- ∠ Horizontal distance
- ∠ Height difference

Reflector types

The reduction formulas are valid for measurements to all reflector types:

• measurements to prisms, to reflector tape and reflectorless measurements.

Formulas

The instrument calculates the slope distance, horizontal distance, height difference in accordance with the following formulas:

Earth curvature (1/R) and mean refraction coefficient (k) (if enabled on the Refraction page in Main Menu: Config...\Instrument Settings...\TPS Corrections) are automatically taken into account when calculating the horizontal distance and height difference. The calculated horizontal distance relates to the station height and not to the reflector height.

Distance measuring program Averaging

In the distance measuring program Averaging, the following values are displayed:

- D Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
 - Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

These values are calculated as follows:

$$\overline{D} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} D_{i}$$

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$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum\limits_{i=1}^{n} (D_{i} - \overline{D})^{2}}{n - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum\limits_{i=1}^{n} D_{i}^{2} - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum\limits_{i=1}^{n} D_{i}\right)^{2}}{n - 1}} \quad \frac{s}{\overline{D}}$$

$$TPS12_062$$

Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements

Σ Sum

D_i Single slope distance measurement

n Number of measurements

Standard deviation of a single slope distance measurement

Σ Sum

Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements

D_i Single slope distance measurement

n Number of distance measurements

The standard deviation $S_{\overline{\mathbb{D}}}$ of the arithmetic mean of the distance can be calculated as follows:

$$S_{\overline{D}} = \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

TPS12_063

- $S_{\overline{D}}$ Standard deviation of the arithmetic mean of the distance
- s Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

International Limited Warranty, Software License Agreement

International Limited Warranty

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Leica Geosystems AG, Heerbrugg, Switzerland, has been certified as being equipped with a quality system which meets the International Standards of Quality Management and Quality Systems (ISO standard 9001) and Environmental Management Systems (ISO standard 14001).

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- when it has to be right

